

Global Productivity Comments

Barbara M. Fraumeni China Center for Human Capital and Labor Market Research, Central University of Finance and Economics National Bureau of Economic Research Muskie School, University of Southern Maine IZA Institute for Labor Economics

World KLEMS

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All three papers are to be commended for their efforts to use/assemble/construct large data bases

Labor – more information & discussion

- Inklaar & Marapin include the most information
 - Use persons engaged

Paul & Sun use persons employed

Dieppe & Matsuoka ?

Labor – country & sectoral analysis importance

- For countries with varying work patterns & types including over time
 - Agriculture, unpaid family workers, informal sector, etc.
 - Particularly for advanced economies vs. emerging market and developing economies (EMDE) and vs. low-income (LI) countries
- Less important for Paul & Sen (construction), but labor is most central to their model

Education?

- Average education for working ages available from Barro-Lee as an indicator that could be presented
 - Inklaar knows of a better source

Why not adjust country labor by education (has problems)?

Paul and Sen Construction Productivity Paper

- Differences in ratios between income by country deciles
- Focuses on relative use of intermediate inputs as a possible explanation
- > Construction is a difficult sector

Paul and Sen Construction Productivity Paper

Basic model

- Nominal wage is identical across all sectors
- Nominal wage is nominal per capita output
- Labor is homogeneous

Paul and Sen Construction Productivity Paper

- > Model with intersectoral linkages
 - Labor productivity depends on the share of specific intermediate inputs in total intermediate input
 - Also depends on relative prices: intermediate input to GDP
 - Labor is still homogeneous
 - Not the consistent pattern of intermediate input shares across income deciles seen in other ratios

Inklaar & Marapin Labor Productivity Decomposition Paper

- In figure 7, why is there so little difference between the actual and counterfactual estimates for the nonagricultural market economy estimates?
- Like figure 1 and table 3 which examine the σ coefficients for PPP and market exchange rates results
- > Agriculture a really important part of the story
- Authors understand that differences in manufacturing convergence this paper vs. some other papers particularly have policy implications for industrialization policies

Where does the list for advanced economies come from?

Dieppe & Matsuoka vs. Inklaar & Marapin

- β convergence vs. Inklaar & Marapin convergence
- Both are commendable for disaggregating labor productivity
- If each other's data set was used, what would the results look like?
- Both papers are important in identifying reallocation vs. within sector movements
- Both recognize the importance of both within and between sector productivity growth